

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2004220409 A1 20041104 US 2003-468628 20030820

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-270048P P 20010220
 US 2001-271788P P 20010227
 WO 2002-US5390 W 20020220

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:201232; MARPAT 137:201232

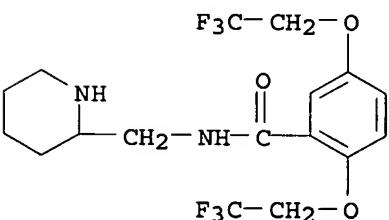
AB An improved, highly efficient method for the preparation of flecainide acetate or other pharmaceutically acceptable salts of flecainide involves preparing the starting material 1,4-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzene in high yields by reacting 4-fluoro-1-bromobenzene with F3CCH2OH in the presence of a base and a copper-containing catalyst.

IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (flecainide synthesis)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:861473 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:32972

TITLE: Porous drug matrixes containing polymers and sugars and methods of their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Straub, Julie; Bernstein, Howard; Chickering, Donald E., III; Khatak, Sarwat; Randall, Greg

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Acusphere, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000072827	A2	20001207	WO 2000-US14578	20000525 <--
WO 2000072827	A3	20010125		
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6395300	B1	20020528	US 1999-433486.	19991104 <--
CA 2371836	AA	20001207	CA 2000-2371836	20000525 <--
EP 1180020	A2	20020220	EP 2000-939365	20000525 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 2000010984	A	20020430	BR 2000-10984	20000525 <--

JP 2003500438	T2	20030107	JP 2000-620939	20000525
NZ 516083	A	20030829	NZ 2000-516083	20000525
AU 768022	B2	20031127	AU 2000-54459	20000525
US 2002041896	A1	20020411	US 2001-798824	20010302 <--
US 6610317	B2	20030826		
NO 2001005753	A	20020128	NO 2001-5753	20011126 <--
ZA 2001010347	A	20030730	ZA 2001-10347	20011218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-136323P	P 19990527
			US 1999-158659P	P 19991008
			US 1999-433486	A 19991104
			US 2000-186310P	P 20000302
			WO 2000-US14578	W 20000525

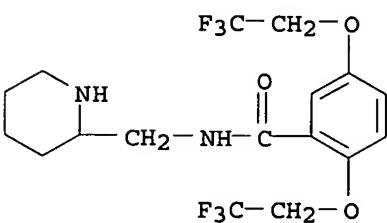
AB Drugs, especially low aqueous solubility drugs, are provided in a porous matrix form, preferably microparticles, which enhances dissoln. of the drug in aqueous media. The drug matrixes preferably are made using a process that includes (i) dissolving a drug, preferably a drug having low aqueous solubility, in a volatile solvent to form a drug solution, (ii) combining at least one pore forming agent with the drug solution to form an emulsion, suspension, or second solns., and (iii) removing the volatile solvent and pore forming agent from the emulsion, suspension, or second solution to yield the porous matrix of drug. The pore forming agent can be either a volatile liquid that is immiscible with the drug solvent or a volatile solid compound, preferably a volatile salt. In a preferred embodiment, spray drying is used to remove the solvents and the pore forming agent. The resulting porous matrix has a faster rate of dissoln. following administration to a patient, as compared to non-porous matrix forms of the drug. In a preferred embodiment, microparticles of the porous drug matrix are reconstituted with an aqueous medium and administered parenterally, or processed using standard techniques into tablets or capsules for oral administration. Paclitaxel or docetaxel can be provided in a porous matrix form, which allows the drug to be formulated without solubilizing agents and administered as a bolus. For example, a nifedipine-loaded organic solution was prepared by dissolving 9.09 g of PEG 3350, 2.27 g of nifedipine, and 0.009 g of lecithin in 182 mL of methylene chloride. An aqueous solution was prepared by dissolving 3.27 g of NH₄HCO₃ and 0.91 g of PEG 3350 in 1.82 mL of water. The aqueous and organic solns. were homogenized and resulting emulsion was spray dried. A suspension of the porous nifedipine drug matrix was prepared in 5% dextrose solution at a concentration of 2.5 mg/mL. A bolus injection of the suspension was tolerated when administrated to dogs.

IT 54143-55-4, Flecainide

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(preparation of porous matrixes containing hydrophilic polymers and sugars for enhancement of drug dissoln.)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L16 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:40090 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:103844

TITLE: Extractableness of relevant toxicological compounds with 1-chlorbutane

AUTHOR(S): Demme, U.; Becker, J.; Bussemas, H.; Daldrup, Th.; Erdmann, F.; Erkens, M.; Iten, P. X.; Magerl, H.; Von Meyer, L.; Teske, J.; Weinmann, W.; Weller, J. P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Rechtsmedizin Friedrich-Schiller-

SOURCE: :

Universitat, Jena, D-07740, Germany
GTFCh-Symposium: Nachweis Berauschender Mittel im
Strassenverkehr -- Forensische Aspekte der Toxischen
Praeparation von Lebensmitteln, Beitraege zum Symposium
der Gesellschaft fuer Toxikologische und Forensische
Chemie, 11th, Mosbach, Germany, Apr. 22-24, 1999 (1999), 213-218. Editor(s): Pragst, Fritz; Aderjan, Rolf. Verlag Dr. Dieter Helm: Heppenheim, Germany.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: German

AB Extractability of 160 active components was tested in aqueous solution and blood serum (phosphate-buffer, pH = 9) with 1-chlorobutane in interlab. tests. Extraction yields were determined and partial compared with values from literature.

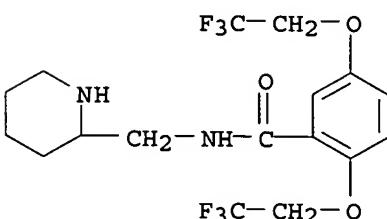
IT 54143-55-4, Flecainide

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(extractableness of relevant toxicol. compds. from water and blood serum with 1-chlorbutane)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:64776 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:124996

TITLE: Process and a novel intermediate for the preparation of Flecainide

INVENTOR(S): Gutman, Arie L.; Nisnevich, Genady; Shkolnik, Eleonora; Zaltzman, Igor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Finetech Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9902498	A1	19990121	WO 1998-IL315	19980707 <-
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, LZ, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
IL 121288	A1	20001031	IL 1997-121288	19970711 <-
AU 9881265	A1	19990208	AU 1998-81265	19980707 <-
EP 996616	A1	20000503	EP 1998-931000	19980707 <-
EP 996616	B1	20040512		
R: ES, FR, IT				

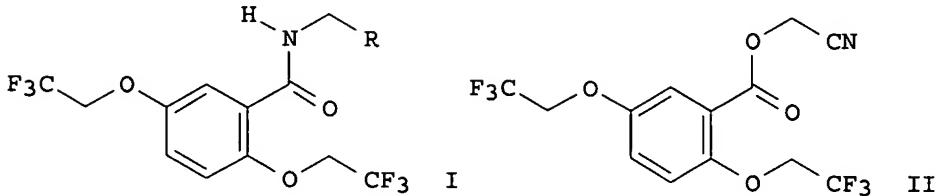
US 6316627	B1	20011113	US 1999-422931	19991021 <--
US 6538138	B1	20030325	US 2000-462418	20000403
US 2002133013	A1	20020919	US 2001-911366	20010723 <--
US 6593486	B2	20030715		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IL 1997-121288	A 19970711
IL 1997-120715	A 19970421
WO 1998-IL187	A2 19980420
WO 1998-IL315	W 19980707
US 1999-422931	A1 19991021

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 130:124996; MARPAT 130:124996

GI



AB The title compds. [I; R = 2-piperidyl, 2-pyridyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, were prepared by a) reacting 2,5-bis(2,2,2,-trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid or its salt with a haloacetonitrile XCH₂CN (wherein X = Cl, Br, I) if necessary in the presence of an inorg. or organic base, b) reacting the cyanomethyl ester II with an amine RCH₂NH₂; c) converting the compound I to its pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

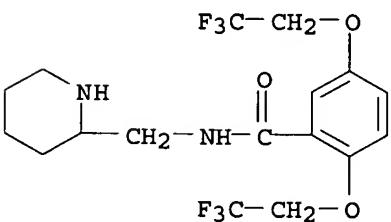
IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(process and a novel intermediate for the preparation of Flecainide)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:293427 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:8597

TITLE: Embedding and encapsulation of controlled release particles

INVENTOR(S): Van Lengerich, Bernhard H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Van Lengerich, Bernhard H., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND

DATE

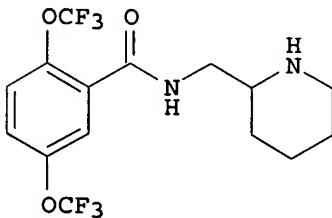
APPLICATION NO.

DATE

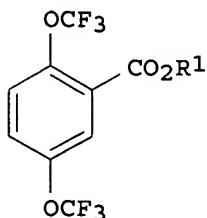
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L13 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:238745 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:297883
TITLE: A novel process for preparation of antiarrhythmic flecainide and its intermediates
INVENTOR(S): Wang, Zhi-Xian; Li, Yuanqiang; Guntoori, Bhaskar Reddy
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Can.
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005059825	A1	20050317	US 2003-663836 US 2003-663836	20030917 20030917
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CASREACT 142:297883; MARPAT 142:297883	
OTHER SOURCE(S): GI				



I



II

AB The invention relates to a process for preparation of antiarrhythmic flecainide (I) and its intermediates of formula II (R1 is H, alkali metal, or alkyl). Flecainide (I) was prepared via amidation of II (R1 = Me) by 2-(aminomethyl)piperidine with a yield of 85%. This new process is an inexpensive and efficient process for manufacture of flecainide and its intermediates.

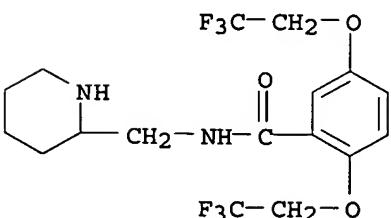
IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(novel process for preparation of antiarrhythmic flecainide and its intermediates)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-(9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



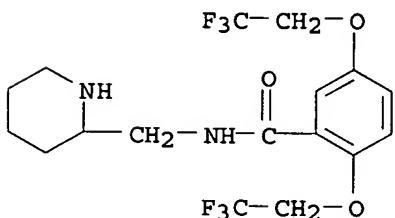
L13 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:658065 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:201232
TITLE: Flecainide synthesis

INVENTOR(S) : McDaniel, William C.; Radhakrishnan, Jayaramaiyer;
 Janicki, Slawomir J.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Narchem Corporation, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002066413	A1	20020829	WO 2002-US5390	20020220
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2004220409	A1	20041104	US 2003-468628	20030820
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-270048P	P 20010220
			US 2001-271788P	P 20010227
			WO 2002-US5390	W 20020220

OTHER SOURCE(S) : CASREACT 137:201232; MARPAT 137:201232

AB An improved, highly efficient method for the preparation of flecainide acetate or other pharmaceutically acceptable salts of flecainide involves preparing the starting material 1,4-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzene in high yields by reacting 4-fluoro-1-bromobenzene with F₃CCH₂OH in the presence of a base and a copper-containing catalyst.
 IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (flecainide synthesis)
 RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-(9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:64776 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:124996
 TITLE: Process and a novel intermediate for the preparation of Flecainide
 INVENTOR(S) : Gutman, Arie L.; Nisnevich, Genady; Shkolnik, Eleonora; Zaltzman, Igor
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Finetech Ltd., Israel
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9902498	A1	19990121	WO 1998-IL315	19980707
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
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IL 121288	A1	20001031	IL 1997-121288	19970711
AU 9881265	A1	19990208	AU 1998-81265	19980707
EP 996616	A1	20000503	EP 1998-931000	19980707
EP 996616	B1	20040512		
R: ES, FR, IT				
US 6316627	B1	20011113	US 1999-422931	19991021
US 6538138	B1	20030325	US 2000-462418	20000403
US 2002133013	A1	20020919	US 2001-911366	20010723
US 6593486	B2	20030715		

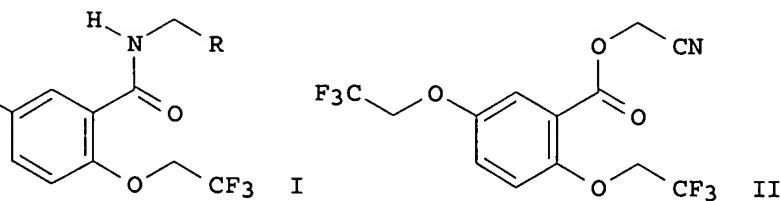
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IL 1997-121288	A 19970711
IL 1997-120715	A 19970421
WO 1998-IL187	A2 19980420
WO 1998-IL315	W 19980707
US 1999-422931	A1 19991021

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 130:124996; MARPAT 130:124996

GI



AB The title compds. [I; R = 2-piperidyl, 2-pyridyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, were prepared by a) reacting 2,5-bis(2,2,2,-trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid or its salt with a haloacetonitrile XCH₂CN (wherein X = Cl, Br, I) if necessary in the presence of an inorg. or organic base, b) reacting the cyanomethyl ester II with an amine RCH₂NH₂; c) converting the compound I to its pharmaceutically acceptable salt.

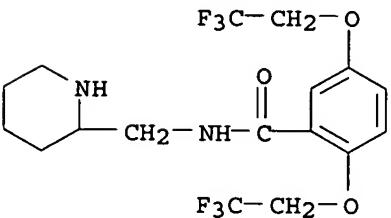
IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(process and a novel intermediate for the preparation of Flecainide)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



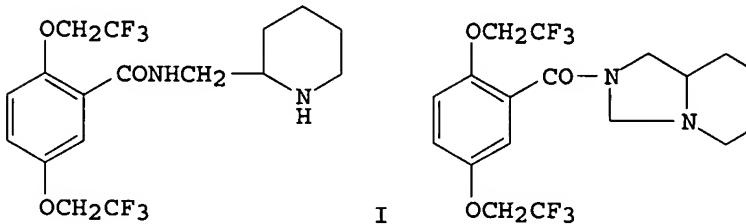
REFERENCE COUNT:

2

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:122069 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:122069
 TITLE: Preparation of 2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy-N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)benzamide acetate
 INVENTOR(S): Rubio Zurita, Pelayo; Cirera Dotti, Xavier; Irurre Perez, Jose
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratorios Rubio S. A., Spain
 SOURCE: Span., 7 pp.
 CODEN: SPXXAD
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Spanish
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ES 2007802	A6	19890701	ES 1988-830	19880318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			ES 1988-830	19880318
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT	GI	114:122069		



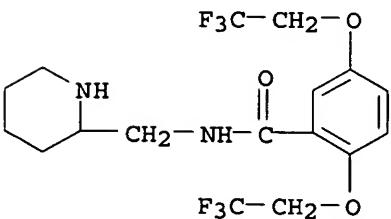
AB The title compound (I.HOAc) is prepared by reaction of an activated derivative of 2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid (II) with 2-azaindolizidine (III) to give the heterocyclic amide IV as the HCl salt, which is selectively hydrolyzed to I followed by salification with glacial HOAc. Thus, II was treated with SOCl₂ at room temperature to give the acid chloride, which reacted with distilled III in CH₂Cl₂ to give 97% IV.HCl. The latter was hydrolyzed with aqueous HCl in EtOH to give 81% I, which was treated with HOAc in Me₂CHOH.

IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, from bis(trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid and azaindolazidine)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



WO 9818610	A1	19980507	WO 1997-US18984	19971027 <--
W: AU, CA, JP, NO, PL, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2269806	AA	19980507	CA 1997-2269806	19971027 <--
AU 9749915	A1	19980522	AU 1997-49915	19971027 <--
AU 744156	B2	20020214		
EP 935523	A1	19990818	EP 1997-912825	19971027 <--
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JP 2002511777	T2	20020416	JP 1998-520558.	19971027 <--
EP 1342548	A1	20030910	EP 2003-10031	19971027
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AT 277739	E	20041015	AT 1997-912825	19971027
NO 9902036	A	19990428	NO 1999-2036	19990428 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-29038P	P 19961028
			US 1997-52717P	P 19970716
			EP 1997-912825	A3 19971027
			WO 1997-US18984	W 19971027

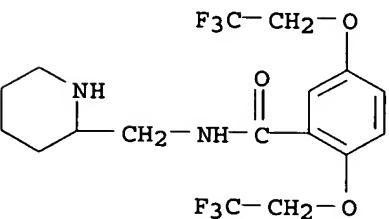
AB Controlled release, discrete, solid particles which contain an encapsulated and/or embedded component such as a heat sensitive or readily oxidizable pharmaceutically, biol., or nutritionally active component are continuously produced without substantial destruction of the matrix material or encapsulant. A release-rate controlling component is incorporated into the matrix to control the rate of release of the encapsulant from the particles. The addnl. component may be a hydrophobic component or a high water binding capacity component for extending the release time. The plasticizable matrix material, such as starch, is admixed with at least one plasticizer, such as water, and at least one release-rate controlling component under low shear mixing conditions to plasticize the plasticizable material without substantially destroying the at least one plasticizable material and to obtain a substantially homogeneous plasticized mass. The plasticizer content is substantially reduced and the temperature of the plasticized mass is substantially reduced prior to admixing the plasticized mass with the encapsulant to avoid substantial destruction of the encapsulant and to obtain a formable, extrudable mixture. The mixture is extruded though a die without substantial or essentially no expansion and cut into discrete, relatively dense particles. Release properties may also be controlled by precoating the encapsulant and/or coating the extruded particles with a film-forming component. An example of encapsulation of acetylcysteine is given using starch, polyethylene, glycerol monostearate, and vegetable oil.

IT 54143-55-4, Flecainide

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(embedding and encapsulation of controlled release particles)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

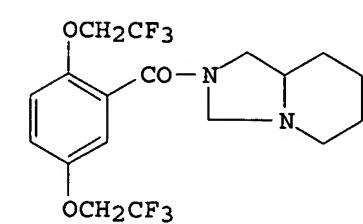
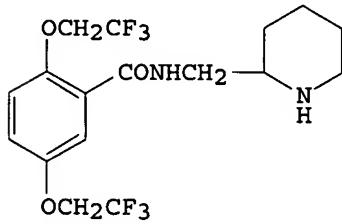
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:122069 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:122069

TITLE: Preparation of 2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy-N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)benzamide acetate
 INVENTOR(S): Rubio Zurita, Pelayo; Cirera Dotti, Xavier; Irurre Perez, Jose
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratorios Rubio S. A., Spain
 SOURCE: Span., 7 pp.
 CODEN: SPXXAD
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Spanish
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ES 2007802	A6	19890701	ES 1988-830 ES 1988-830	19880318 <-- 19880318

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:122069
 GI



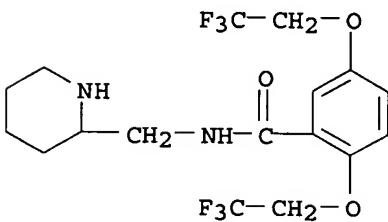
AB The title compound (I.HOAc) is prepared by reaction of an activated derivative of 2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid (II) with 2-azaindolizidine (III) to give the heterocyclic amide IV as the HCl salt, which is selectively hydrolyzed to I followed by salification with glacial HOAc. Thus, II was treated with SOCl₂ at room temperature to give the acid chloride, which reacted with distilled III in CH₂Cl₂ to give 97% IV.HCl. The latter was hydrolyzed with aqueous HCl in EtOH to give 81% I, which was treated with HOAc in Me₂CHOH.

IT 54143-55-4P, Flecainide

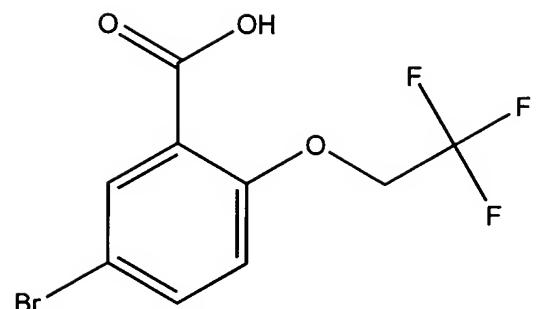
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, from bis(trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid and azaindolazidine)

RN 54143-55-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



=>



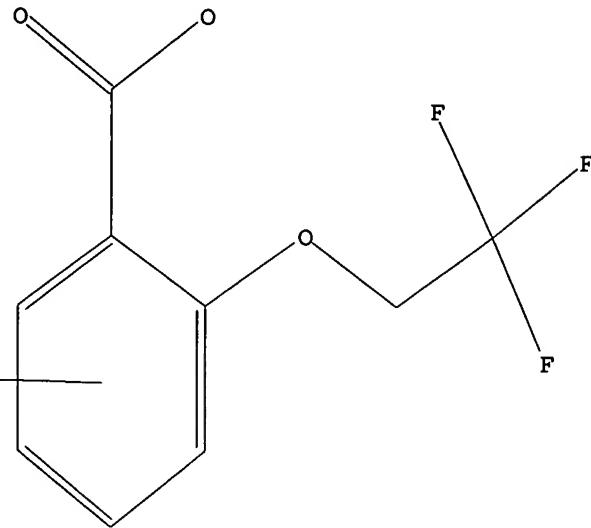
5-bromo-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzoic acid

<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

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Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\836.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11
REGISTRY INITIATED
Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress...
Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1117 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1117 ITERATIONS 1 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 20335 TO 24345
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 80

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L3 1 L2

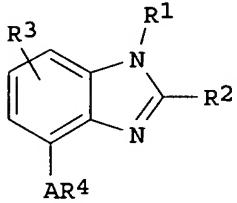
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L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:315042 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:293352
TITLE: Preparation of benzimidazoles for the prevention
and/or the treatment of bone diseases

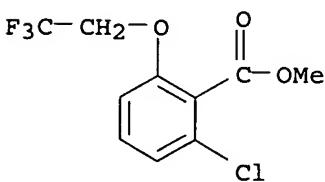
INVENTOR(S) : Oku, Teruo; Kawai, Yoshio; Yatabe, Takumi; Sato, Shigeki; Yamazaki, Hitoshi; Kayakiri, Natsuko; Yoshihara, Kousei
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 146 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9710219	A1	19970320	WO 1996-JP2530	19960905
W: JP, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 863881	A1	19980916	EP 1996-929540	19960905
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
JP 11513364	T2	19991116	JP 1996-511824	19960905
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1995-18552	A 19950911
			WO 1996-JP2530	W 19960905

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 126:293352
GI



- AB The title compds. [I; R1 = acyl, (un)substituted lower alkenyl, lower alkyl; R2 = H, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, etc.; R1R2 = lower alkylene, lower alkenylene (may include O, S, NH, N-alkyl); R3 = H, halo; R4 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl, aryl; A = CONR9, N(R10)CO (wherein R9, R10 = H, (un)substituted lower alkyl)], and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, inhibitors of bone resorption and bone metabolism, were prepared Thus, hydrogenation of 1,2-dimethyl-4-nitro-1H-benzimidazole over 10% Pd/C in MeOH followed by reaction of the resulting 4-amino-1,2-dimethyl-1H-benzimidazole with 2,6-dichlorobenzoyl chloride in the presence of Et3N in ethylene chloride afforded I [R1, R2 = Me; R3 = H; R4 = 2,6-C12C6H3; A = NHCO]. Compds. I are effective at 0.1-1000 mg/body/day.
- IT 189045-94-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of benzimidazoles for the prevention and/or the treatment of bone diseases)
- RN 189045-94-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> s 11 full
REGISTRY INITIATED

Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress...
Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:54:03 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 21898 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 21898 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

3 ANSWERS

L4 3 SEA SSS FUL L1

L5 3 L4

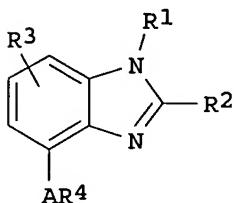
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L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:315042 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:293352
TITLE: Preparation of benzimidazoles for the prevention
and/or the treatment of bone diseases
INVENTOR(S): Oku, Teruo; Kawai, Yoshio; Yatabe, Takumi; Sato,
Shigeki; Yamazaki, Hitoshi; Kayakiri, Natsuko;
Yoshihara, Kousei
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 146 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9710219	A1	19970320	WO 1996-JP2530	19960905
W: JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 863881	A1	19980916	EP 1996-929540	19960905
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
JP 11513364	T2	19991116	JP 1996-511824	19960905
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1995-18552	A 19950911
			WO 1996-JP2530	W 19960905

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:293352

GI



I

AB The title compds. [I; R1 = acyl, (un)substituted lower alkenyl, lower alkyl; R2 = H, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, etc.; R1R2 = lower alkylene, lower alkenylene (may include O, S, NH, N-alkyl); R3 = H, halo; R4 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl, aryl; A = CONR9, N(R10)CO (wherein R9, R10 = H, (un)substituted lower alkyl)], and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, inhibitors of bone resorption and bone metabolism, were prepared. Thus, hydrogenation of 1,2-dimethyl-4-nitro-1H-benzimidazole over 10% Pd/C in MeOH followed by reaction of the resulting 4-amino-1,2-dimethyl-1H-

benzimidazole with 2,6-dichlorobenzoyl chloride in the presence of Et₃N in ethylene chloride afforded I [R₁, R₂ = Me; R₃ = H; R₄ = 2,6-Cl₂C₆H₃; A = NHCO]. Compds. I are effective at 0.1-1000 mg/body/day.

IT

189045-94-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

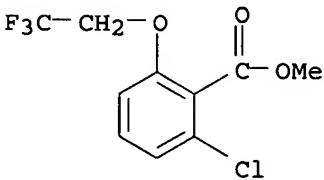
(preparation of benzimidazoles for the prevention and/or the treatment of bone diseases)

RN

189045-94-1 CAPLUS

CN

Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:969484 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:3056

TITLE: Preparation of isoxazole as pesticides.

INVENTOR(S): Cain, Paul Alfred; Chou, David; Herman, Nancy D.; Gant, Daniel B.; Shoberu, Karoline A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone Poulen Agrochimie, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9522904	A1	19950831	WO 1995-EP617	19950221
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9517585	A1	19950911	AU 1995-17585	19950221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-201583	A 19940225
			WO 1995-EP617	W 19950221

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:3056

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The isoxazoles I [R=H, alkoxy carbonyl, etc.; A=C(O)W and B=R₁ or A=C(O)R₁ and B=W; W=(un)substituted Ph; R₁=(cyclo)alkyl or (un)substituted Ph] are acaricides, insecticides and nematocides. Thus, 4-[4-bromo-2-(2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropoxymethyl)benzoyl]-5-cyclopropylisoxazole (preparation given) controlled the two-spotted spider mite.

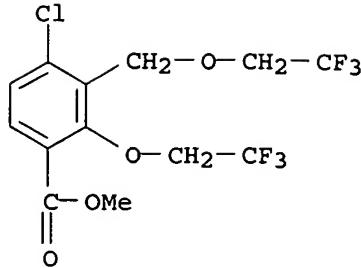
IT 171187-94-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

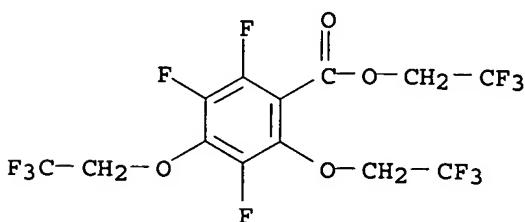
(intermediate in preparation of isoxazole pesticides)

RN 171187-94-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-3-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:903124 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:116744
 TITLE: Synthesis of Polyfluoro Aromatic Ethers: A Facile Route Using Polyfluoroalkoxides Generated from Carbonyl and Trimethylsilyl Compounds
 AUTHOR(S): Nishida, Masakazu; Vij, Ashwani; Kirchmeier, Robert L.; Shreeve, Jeanne M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Idaho, Moscow, ID, 83844, USA
 SOURCE: Inorganic Chemistry (1995), 34(24), 6085-92
 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:116744
 AB The polyfluoro aromatic ethers C₆F₅CH₂ORF [RF = CF₃, C₂F₅, CH₂CF₃, CF(CF₃)₂, C(CF₃)₃, C(CF₃)₂C₆F₅, C(CF₃)₂OCH₂CF₃, C(C₆F₅)₂CF₃], 4-CF₃CH₂OC₆F₄CH₂OCH₂CF₃, and C₆F₅CH₂OCF₂CF₂OCH₂C₆F₅ were synthesized from C₆F₅CH₂Br in the presence of CsF by reaction with the perfluoro carbonyl compds. COF₂, CF₃C(O)F, C₆F₅COF, (C₆F₅)₂CO, (CF₃)₂CO, and (COF)₂; reaction with polyfluoro siloxanes CF₃CH₂OSi(CH₃)₃ and C₆F₅OSi(CH₃)₃; or reaction with polyfluoroalkoxides generated from the fluorinated silanes CF₃Si(CH₃)₃, C₆F₅Si(CH₃)₃, and CF₃CH₂OSi(CH₃)₃ reacting with the carbonyl compds. listed above. Single-crystal X-ray anal. of C₆F₅CH₂OC(C₆F₅)₂CF₃ was reported. Reactivities of the carbonyl substrates and the silicon-containing reagents are discussed as a function of the alkyl (aryl) substituents present.
 IT 172976-33-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of polyfluoro aromatic ethers)
 RN 172976-33-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2,3,5-trifluoro-4,6-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

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L6 0 FLECANIDE/CN

=> s flecainide/cn
L7 1 FLECAINIDE/CN

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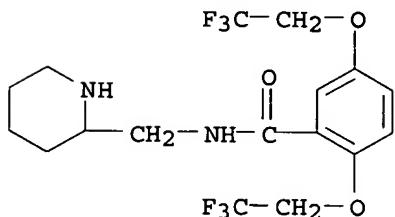
L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 54143-55-4 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Benzamide, N-(2-piperidinylmethyl)-2,5-bis(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (±)-Flecainide
CN Flecaine
CN Flecainide
FS 3D CONCORD
DR 99495-87-1
MF C17 H20 F6 N2 O3
CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN,
DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH,
IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, PHAR, PROMT, PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS*, SCISEARCH,
SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: WHO



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

541 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
541 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:52:53 ON 28 NOV 2005)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:53:06 ON 28 NOV 2005

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
S L1

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:53:27 ON 28 NOV 2005
L2 1 S L1

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:53:28 ON 28 NOV 2005
L3 1 S L2
S L1

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:54:03 ON 28 NOV 2005
L4 3 S L1 FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:54:04 ON 28 NOV 2005
L5 3 S L4 FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:22:19 ON 28 NOV 2005

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L7 1 S FLECAINIDE/CN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:23:39 ON 28 NOV 2005

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L9 38 S 54143-55-4/PROC
L10 0 S 54143-55-4/PUR
L11 51 S L8 OR L9
L12 0 S L11 AND HALOBENZOIC ACID
L13 4 S L11 AND BENZOIC ACID
L14 0 S 1-4 IBIB ABS HITSTR

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L15 45 L11 AND PY<2003

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527879 BENZO?
L16 6 L15 AND BENZO?

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L16 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:658065 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:201232
TITLE: Flecainide synthesis
INVENTOR(S): McDaniel, William C.; Radhakrishnan, Jayaramaiyer;
Janicki, Slawomir J.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Narchem Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002066413	A1	20020829	WO 2002-US5390	20020220 <-
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			